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Das mehrsprachige Webportal publiziert fortlaufend Informationen zur historischpolitischen Bildung in Schulen, Gedenkstätten und anderen Einrichtungen zur Geschichte des 20. Jahrhunderts. Schwerpunkte bilden der Nationalsozialismus, der Zweite Weltkrieg sowie die Folgegeschichte in den Ländern Europas bis zu den politischen Umbrüchen 1989.

Dabei nimmt es Bildungsangebote in den Fokus, die einen Gegenwartsbezug der Geschichte herausstellen und bietet einen Erfahrungsaustausch über historisch-politische Bildung in Europa an.

An Expulsion with a "Happy Ending"

Not all memories of the expulsion are necessarily negative. One example is Walter Liebreich, who was born in the industrial town of Aussig an der Elbe (Usti nad Labem) in the former Sudetenland. During the war, his family had to flee to Brno (Brünn) in Moravia as his father was a half-Jew. In Brno, the eight-year-old became familiar with the Czech culture. Until today, he appreciates the music, the social life, and of course the "pivo" (beer). After the war, his family was not immediately expelled as they had been opponents of the Nazi regime. Nevertheless, they had to leave in May 1946. However, in contrast to most other Germans who were forced out just like that, they were allowed to leave in an organised manner. A special transport took them and all their furniture and other belongings to Regensburg, where they then settled. Walter Liebreich negates the question whether he has any negative memories of the Czechs. On the contrary, he loves to travel to the Czech Republic, and he also sees their accession to the EU in a positive light.

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